



LEARN 10 Reptiles & Amphibians of Chelan County

Wenatchee Naturalist Course

Text and photos by Susan Ballinger. Additional credited photos generously provided by Rod Gilbert, Lisa Robinson, Dave Hillstad, and John Sullivan at <u>http://www.wildherps.com/</u> **Pseudacris regilla Northern Pacific tree frog** Key ID features: small, somewhat flattened body, narrow waist, long legs, smooth skin, pointed snout. Adults <2 inches long. COLOR: dorsal body variable-green to brown or combination.



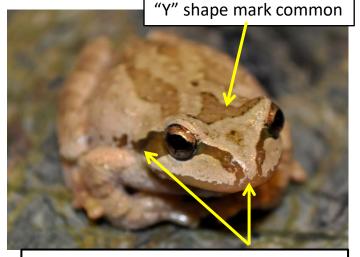
Adult length: up to2 inches

Tips of toes have sticky, broaden circular discs that adhere well to smooth surfaces





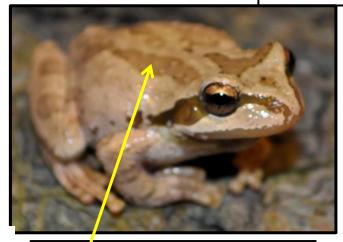
ventral surfaces- mostly white



Conspicuous dark mask from tip of nose through eye to shoulder



Varies in color; depends upon food source

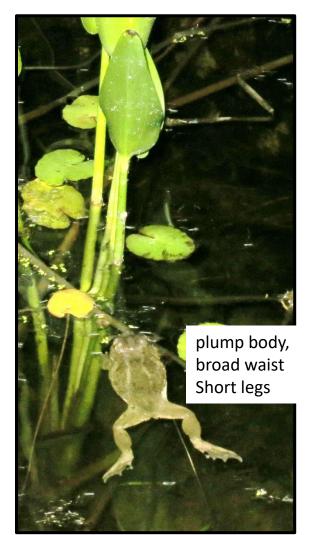


Often, 2-3 stripes down back, may be discontinuous or absent



Photo John Sullivan http://www.wildherps.com

Spea intermontana (formerly *Scaphiopus intermontanus*) **Great Basin spadefoot (toad**) Key ID features: Has a sharp-edged, black horny spade on inside of hind feet-for digging. Uses alternating circular motions of 2 hind feet to push dirt out from under itself, and then over its sides and back. Active at night. Habitat: shrub-steppe, usually a variety of aquatic habitats for breeding.



upturned snout Smooth skin Adult length Females-2.5 inches Males-2.5 inches **Digging spades**

at night, pupil is round. During day, pupil is vertical



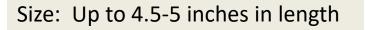
Anaxyrus bureas (formerly *Bufo boreas*) Western toad: stout body, blunt head, broad waist, short legs, dry warty skin. **Color** Dorsal- Varies from gray to red-brown to yellow to olive-green. Ventral-pale, mottled with dark

blotches. Oval shaped parotoid glands



White-creamy stripe down center back

Photo: Lisa Robinson

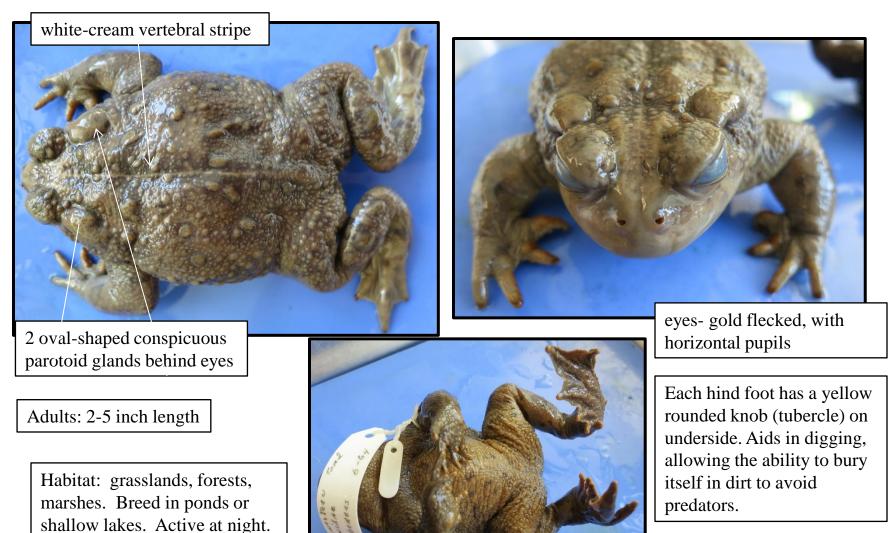




2 Photos: John Sullivan Photo: John Sullivan http://www.wildherps.com



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Chrysemys picta Painted turtle. Key ID features: medium-sized aquatic turtle with dark colored carapace (upper shell) and bright red markings on the lower shell and underside marginal edges of carapace. Yellow lines on head, legs, and tail. Colorful markings usually visible on basking turtles.





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Males have longer front claws than females

Red bars or spots on underside margins

Vivid red

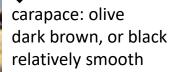


Photo: John Sullivan http://www.wildherps.com/

Pituophis c. catenifer Pacific gopher snake

Key ID features: large, dark blotches, tail that tapers to the tip, distinct eye stripe. Defensive behavior mimics rattlesnake



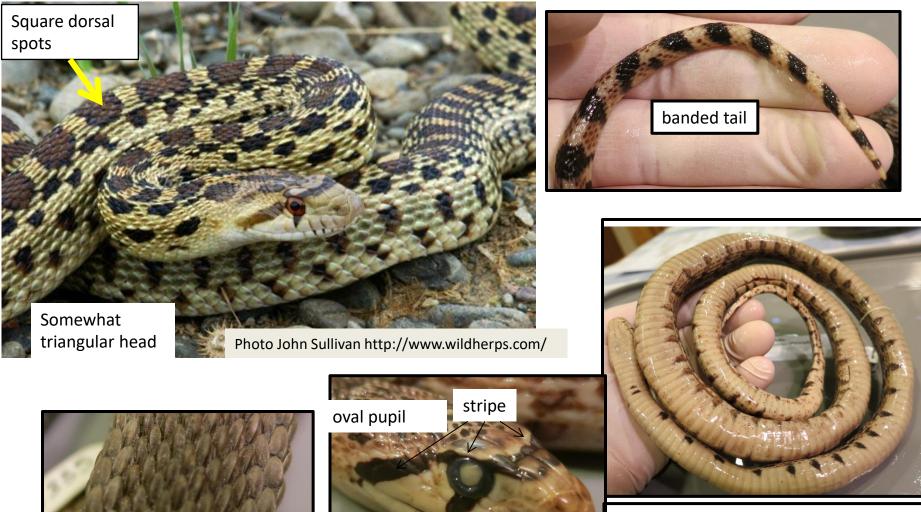
Male & Female, pre-mating behavior





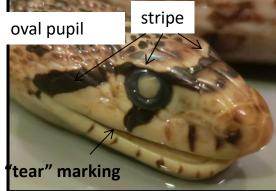
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Ventral side white, with black spots on edges

Keeled dorsal scales



Crotalus oreganus oreganus Northern Pacific rattlesnake Key ID features: heavy bodied with large dark spots, wide triangular head, distinct eye stripe, rattle at tail tip. Venomous. Cryptic coloration varies on habitat.





Ventral scales: white with dark blotches

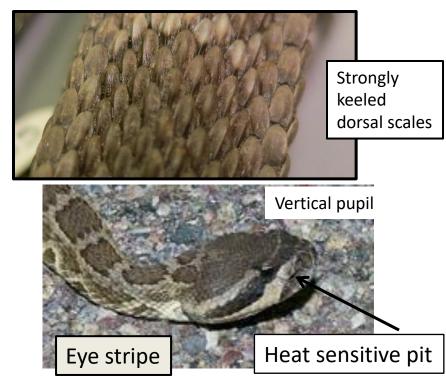




Photo: Lisa Robinson

Plestiodon skiltonianus (Formerly Eumeces skiltonianus) Western skink Key ID features: small, slim, longitudinal striped lizard. Stripes extend from head onto the tail base. shiny scales, short legs, long bright blue tail in young, grades to blue-gray-brownish in older individuals.





Wide brown dorsal stripe with contrasting alternating light & dark stripes on either side.



Forage for invertebrates during daytime, moving jerkily

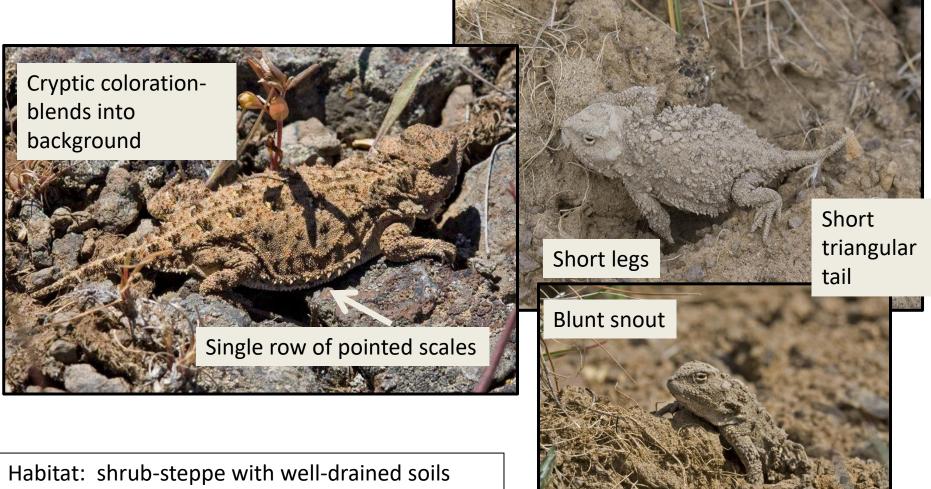
> Tail length 1.5-2 x Body length

Ventral side: light in color, without markings

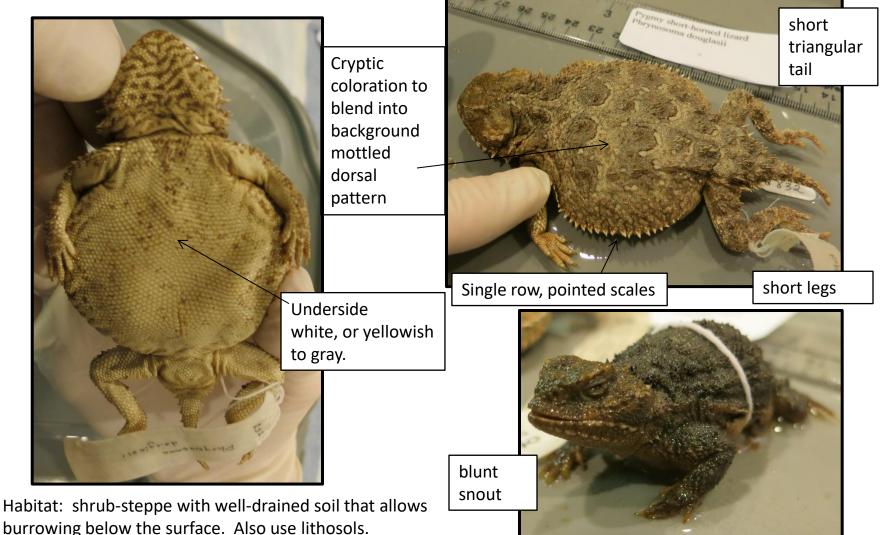
Uniformly smooth shiny scales



Phrynosoma douglasii Pygmy short-horned lizard Key ID features: flat round body with single row of pointed fringe-like scales on each side. Spines or "horns" project from back of head. Toad-like in appearance- called "horned toad"



Habitat: shrub-steppe with well-drained soils that allow burrowing below the surface. Also use Lithosols (thin rocky soils). **Phrynosoma douglasii Pygmy short-horned lizard** Key ID features: flat round body with single row of pointed fringe-like scales on each side. Spines or "horns" project from back of head. Toad-like in appearance-called "horned toad"



Sceloporus occidentalis occidentalis Northwestern fence lizard

key ID features: keeled, spiny scales & two rows of light & dark markings on dorsal side. Color: some shade of gray or brown



Photos: Lisa Robinson





Posterior surface of hind legs is yellow-orange with keeled scales

Male: Large blue patches on both sides of abdomen, and a blue throat patch (can be either solid or divided)

Female: blue patches faint or lacking



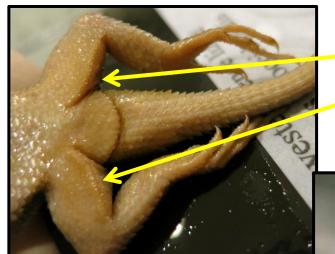
Adult eating grasshopper

Dorsal scales are conspicuously Free & pointed at back end Up to 6.6 inches in length-nose to tail tip



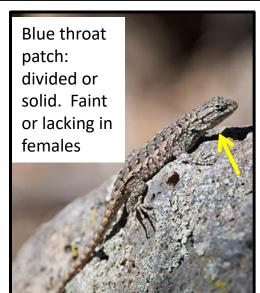
Sceloporus occidentalis Northwestern fence lizard Key ID features: keeled, spiny scales & two rows of light & dark markings on dorsal side. COLOR: some shade of gray or brown to almost black.





Posterior surface of hind legs yellow-orange with keeled scales

Dorsal scales are conspicuously free and pointed at back end



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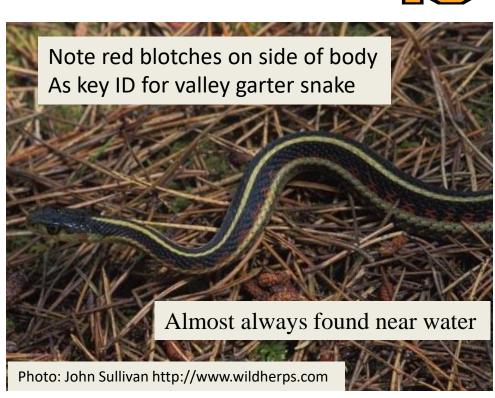
Up to 6.6 inches Total length, nose to tail tip **Thamnophis sirtalis fitchi** Valley garter snake (common garter snake) Key ID features: Typically 3 dorsal stripes, red blotches on sides of body above the lateral stripes. Red cheek blotch usually present. Good swimmers. COLOR: dorsal black body with yellow stripes, ventral body yellow or buff.



along Columbia River







One of few vertebrates that can prey successfully on rough-skinned newtsactive toxin found in their livers after predation.